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(朴龍鎮)

1998

3 / 2

A Migration Methodology for 2-tier to 3-tier Architected Client/Server Systems

A Migration Methodology for 2-tier to 3-tier Architected Client/Server Systems

by

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Pohang, Korea

December 19, 1997

Approved by

Major Advisor

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1997 12 19

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for 2-tier to 3-tier Architected Client/Server
Systems, / 2
3 ,
1998, 51P, Advisor: Won-Ki Hong, Text in Korean.

ABSTRACT

Advances in computing and network technologies along with the changes in the way businesses operate influenced the introduction of client/server systems. These early client/server systems had 2-tier architecture where application logic and presentation logic were tightly coupled with specific database servers. These 2-tiered client/server systems were found to possess several major problems. First, these systems were not easily scalable as the number of users increased and thus were faced with severe performance degradations. Second, the systems could not easily cope with changes to business logic or environment. Third, since the applications were tightly coupled with specific databases, the systems could not be easily upgraded or changed without major efforts.

In order to solve the problems in 2tier client/server systems, 3tier client/server systems have been proposed. This thesis presents a simple but efficient methodology for migrating 2tier to 3-tier client/server systems. Both 2tier and 3tier architected client/server systems are thoroughly examined and compared. The client/server systems at POSCO have been analyzed and were determined to be mostly 2-tier architected. As a proof of concept, the migration methodology has been applied to migrating 2-tier client/server systems at POSCO to 3-tier client/server systems.

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1. 2	3	11
2.	RPC	15
3.		45

1.

1.1

(Rightsizing), (Upsizing) (Downsizing),
가 . / 가
/
/ 2
(2-tier Architecture) (User interface)
(Business Logic)
(database) 2
(transaction) 가 가
.
가 . , /
가 (business
processes) (business environment)
RDBMS
가 가 legacy
data sources
가
(flexibility)
가 . ,

가

,

/

1.2

/

2

3

/

2

/

3

/

/

, 3

/

1

, 2

/

/

(CORBA)

3

. 3

3

/

, 4

/

, 5

6

2.

3 / , ,
(CORBA), 3 /

2.1 /

, / 2
3 ,
.

2.1.1

가 ,
(terminal) /
(mainframe) [1]. Local Area Network (LAN)
Wide Area Network (WAN)
(Distributed File Shared System), (Electronic Mail), /
[2,3].

? (Hardware)
(desktop) 386 8 (MIPS) 486 80 ,
Pentium 200 가
가 . , , RISC
가
, 3 4 가

1986 1MB 1992 16MB, 1997 Giga Byte, 2000
Tera Byte .

? (Software)

/

Structured Query Language (SQL) Data Base
Management System (DBMS) ,

4th Generation Language (4GL) , Graphical User Interface
(GUI) , 32
(Multi-processing)

OS / . Java

[4] Java Operating
System (OS) 가 , Web
brower

Java .

? (Network)

/ 가 .

(Bridge), (Router), (Gateway)

LAN . 10Mbps Ethernet 100Mbps
Fast Ethernet, 100Mbps FDDI, 155Mbps Asynchronous Transfer Mode
(ATM), 1000Mbps Gigabit Ethernet LAN

, , WAN

. T1 1.54Mbps

T3 44.73Mbps, E1 2.04Mbps E3 34.36Mbps

WAN Backbone .

? , ,

가 /
(Client/Server Computing)

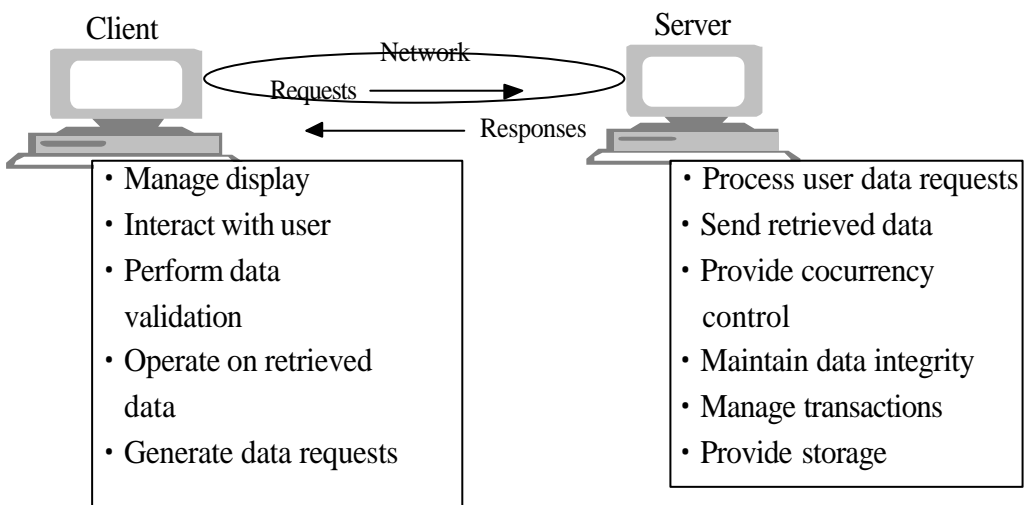
2.1.2 /

/

[1].

1 가

[5].



1. /

/ 가 [2].

- ,
- /
- , , 가
- .
- 가
- 가 가 가
- 가 (upgrade) 가
- (integrity) 가
- 가 가 ,
- /

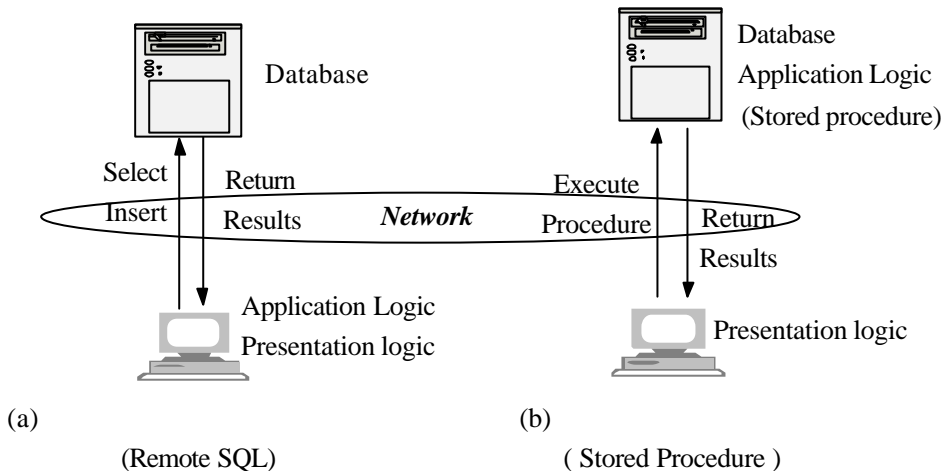
2.1.3 /

/ (User Interface) (Presentation logic), (Business Process) (Application logic),

(Data service) (Database) .
 2 (2-tier Architecture) 3
 (3-tier Architecture) [7, 10, 32].

2.1.3.1 2 (2-tier Architecture)

2 / 가
 ,
 2 (Remote Database Access Model)
 (Database Server Model)



2. 2 2 가

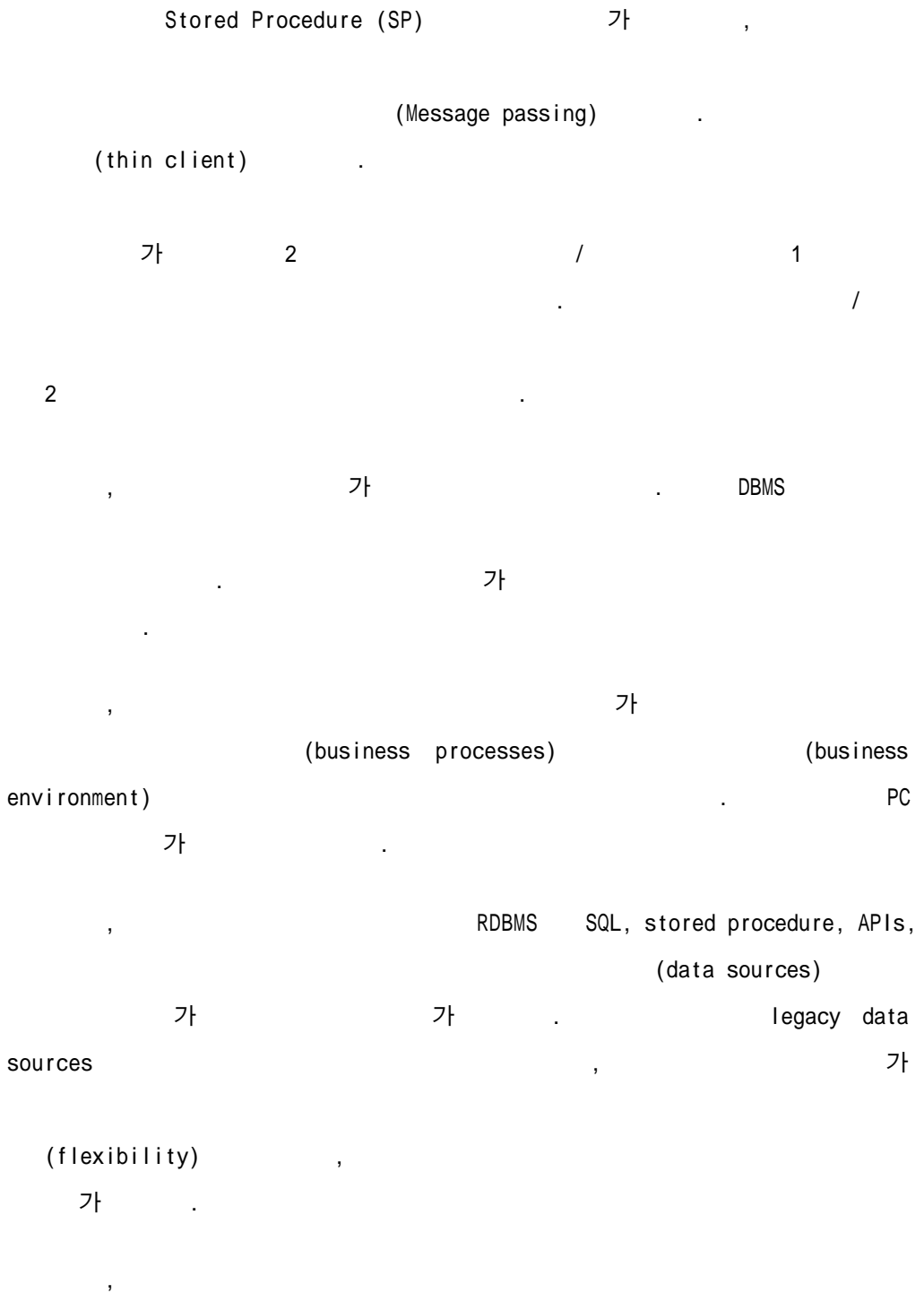
□

Structured Query Language (SQL)

Read/Write

(fat client)

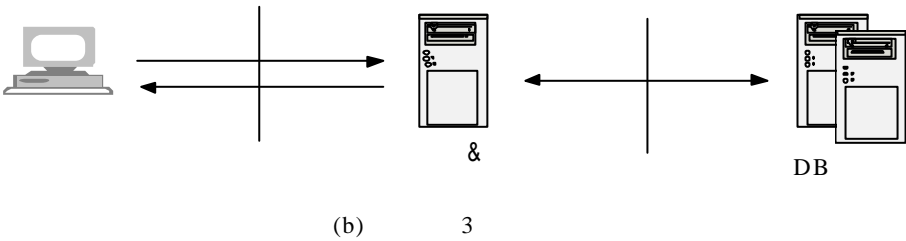
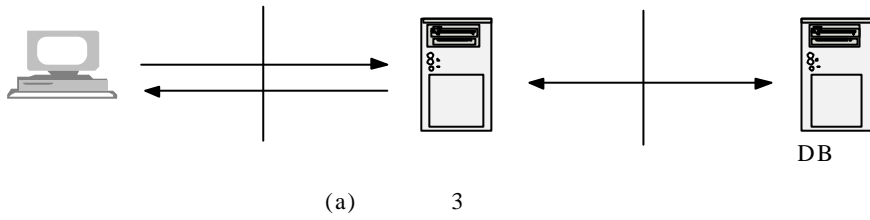
□



LAN, 2 가 Batch (,) /

2.1.3.2 3 (3-tier Architecture)

2 가 3 가 , 가 가 . 2 가 [3].



3. 3 2가

□ 3

3

.

□ 3

가

2 /

가

.

3 /

DBMS

가 , 가

(load balancing) 가 3

. 3

[6].

,

가

.

,

,

.

가

.

,

,

(staging)

가

. 2

3

가

.

,

가 ,

가 가

(Online Transaction)

LAN WAN

가 ,

가

2 3

[1].

	2	3
	<p>가</p>	<p>가</p>
	<p>가</p> <p>RDBMS</p>	<p>가</p>
	<p>LAN</p>	<p>LAN WAN</p> <p>가</p>

1. 2

3

2.2

3 /

[8].

2.2.1

가 가 [2,9].

□ multi-vendor, multi-protocol

□

□

□

□

가

가 /

가

2.2.2

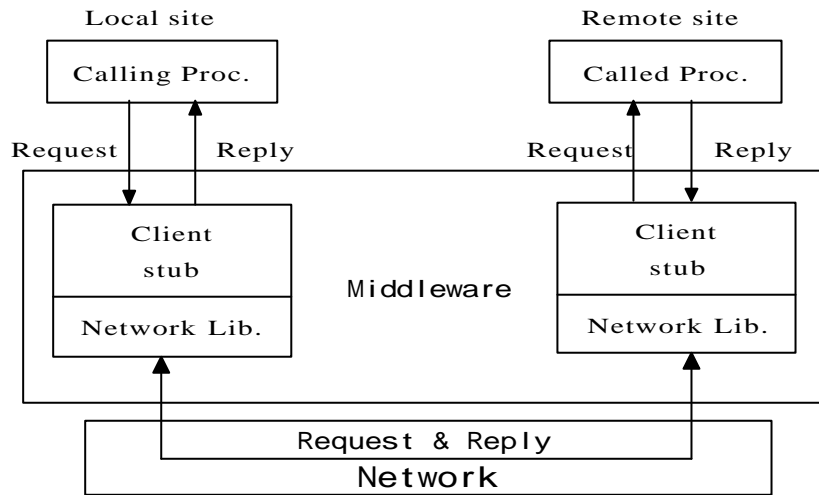
가

□ Remote Procedure Call (RPC)

RPC [2]

가

가



4. RPC

RPC Mechanism 4 stub

(Argument)

, RPC

Interface Definition Language

(IDL)

. IDL

RPC

가

가

가

□ (Message passing)

[2] (Stored and Forward)

, RPC

가

(Local

site)

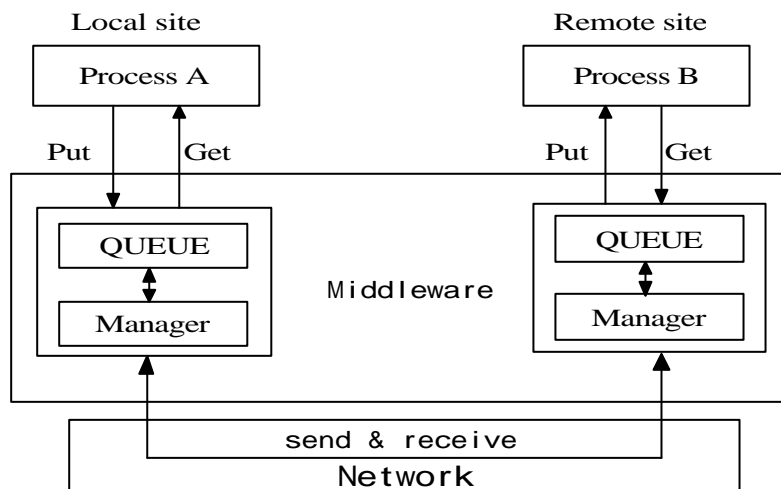
(Local queue)

(Queue manager)

(Remote queue)

RPC

5



5.

RPC

3

1 가
 가 Manager . Manager 가
 . 2 가
 . 3

RPC 2 [2].

		RPC
Time Relationship	가	.
Sequencing	No fixed sequence	가
Style	Queued	Call-Return
Load balancing	queue가 FIFO Priority-based policy	TP Monitor
Message filtering	Yes	No

2. RPC

2.2.3

3

/

가 Distributed Computing Environment (DCE) [11]

Object Management Group (OMG) Common Object request broker Architecture (CORBA) [12] MS Component Object Model/Distributed COM (COM/DCOM) [13] [16].

?

가 Socket [34], RPC, Peer-to-Peer communication, NetBIOS [35], Named pipes [36], Open Software Foundation (OSF) DCE, [22] 가 .

1) Remote Procedure Call (RPC)

RPC 가

RPC Sun Open Network Computing (ONC) RPC OSF DCE RPC 가 .

2) Distributed Computing Environment (DCE)

DCE OSF

OSF 가

/ 가

?

SQL

Open Database Connectivity (ODBC)

[14], Integrated Database Application Program Interface (IDAPI) [18], SQL Access Group (SAG) Call Level Interface (CLI) [16], (Glue) [17]

- Open Data Base Connectivity (ODBC)

가

SQL drive

DBMS

가

/

? On Line Transaction Processing (OLTP)

OLTP

, 2-Phase Commit

OLTP

OLTP

OLTP

OLTP

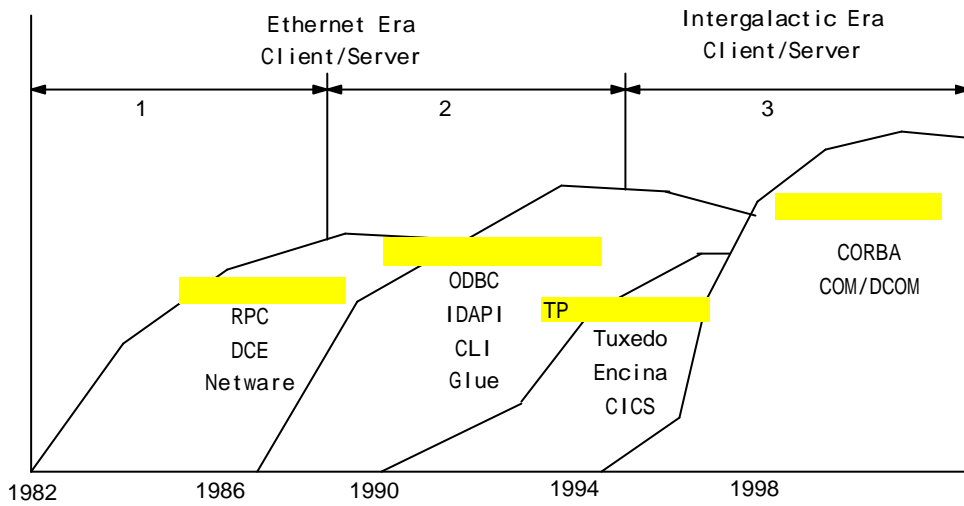
(Tuxedo) [22]

(Encina) [20,23], IBM CICS [24]

?

/

가 Remote Procedure Call (RPC) MS Object
 Linking and Embedding (OLE)
 RPC
 OLE
 CORBA
 DCOM



6.

가

가

가

[6].

2.3 Common Object Request Broker Architecture (CORBA)

1989 4 600

가

Object Management Group (OMG)

가

Object Management Architecture (OMA) [37]

. OMA

CORBA [12]

OMA

가

가

OMG

OMA

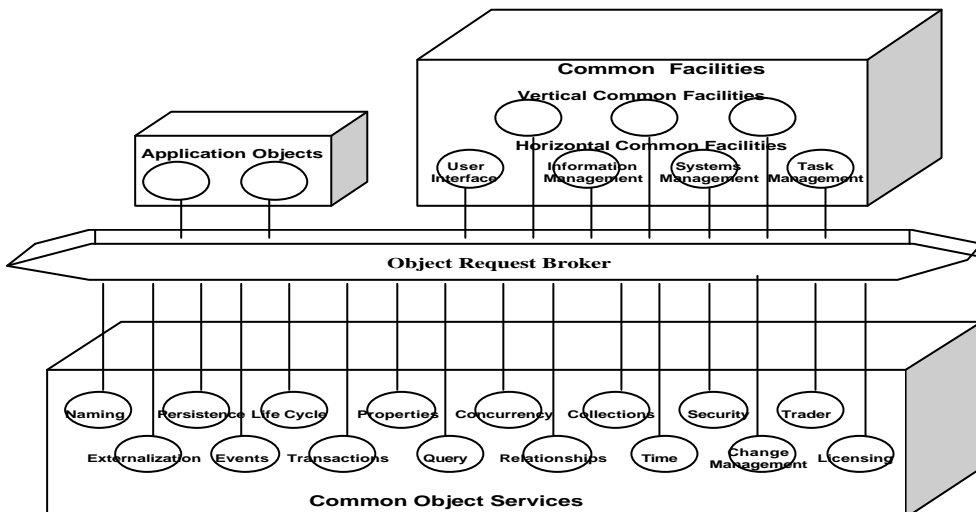
CORBA, Object Request Broker (ORB)

2.3.1 Object Management Architecture (OMA)

OMG OMA

가

[7].

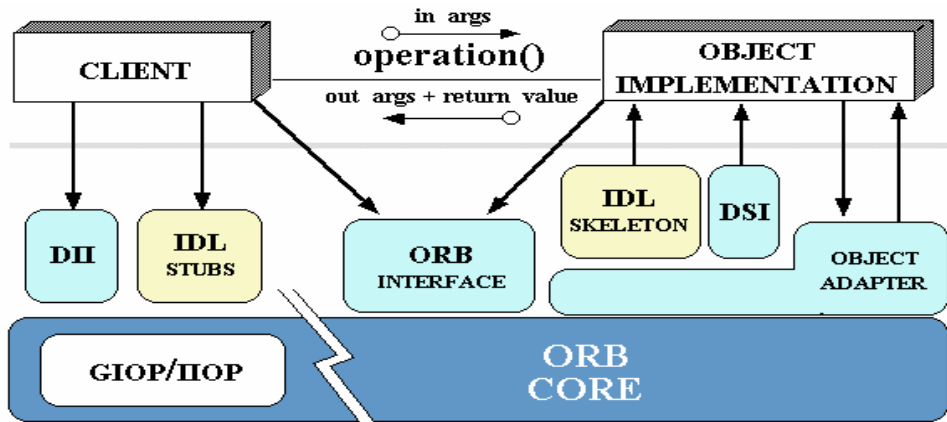


7. OBJECT MANAGMENT ARCHITURE (OMA)

CORBA, Common Object Service Specification (COSS), query 가 (Common Facilities), (Application Objects) . OMA 가 CORBA .

2.3.2 CORBA

CORBA OMA , Object Request Broker (ORB) , persistency, concurrency, naming, life-cycle, security , printing, mail 가 [14].



8. CORBA

CORBA 8 ORB Core , (Object Implementation) [8].

, ORB .

yellow page) , (white page (Object implementation)가

가 .

,
(dynamic Invocation), (Client Stub),
(Interface Repository), ORB .

? IDL

? Dynamic Invocation

? (Interface Repository)

IDL 가 .

? ORB Interface

(Object Implimentation) .

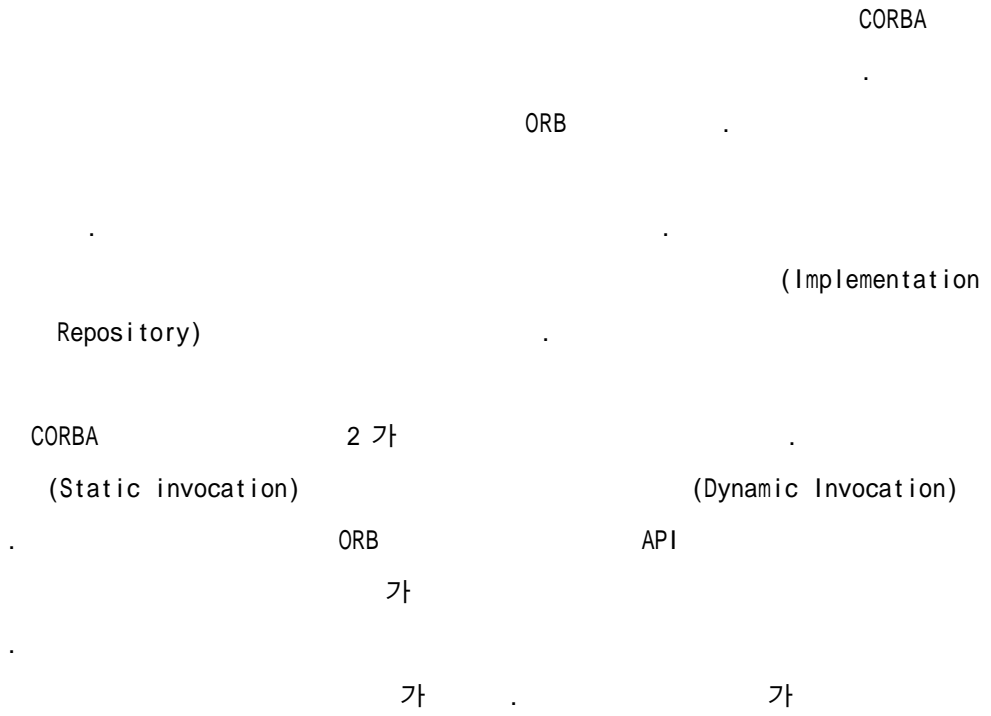
, skeleton
(Implementation Skeleton),

(Object Adaptor), ORB .

?

? Dynamic Skeleton Interface (DSI) IDL-based compiled skeleton 가

? ORB



2.4.3

/

3

/

가

(vendor)

3

2

3

2.4.1

IBM 4381

/

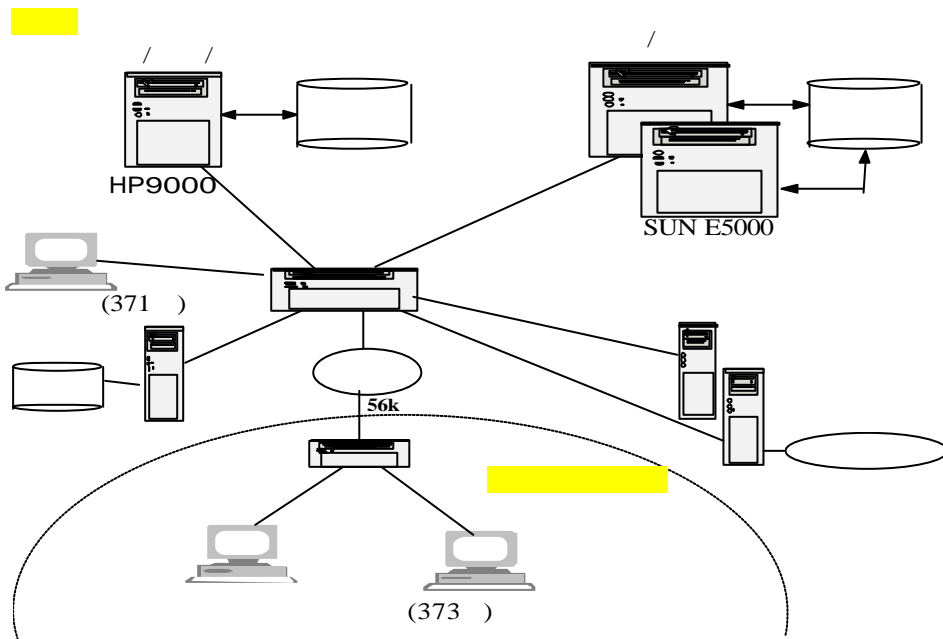
[38].

/

가

HP 9000/70

OLTP



9.

9

700

PC

SUN E5000

가

OLTP

가

가 가

GUI

2.4.2

10

M760

2

3

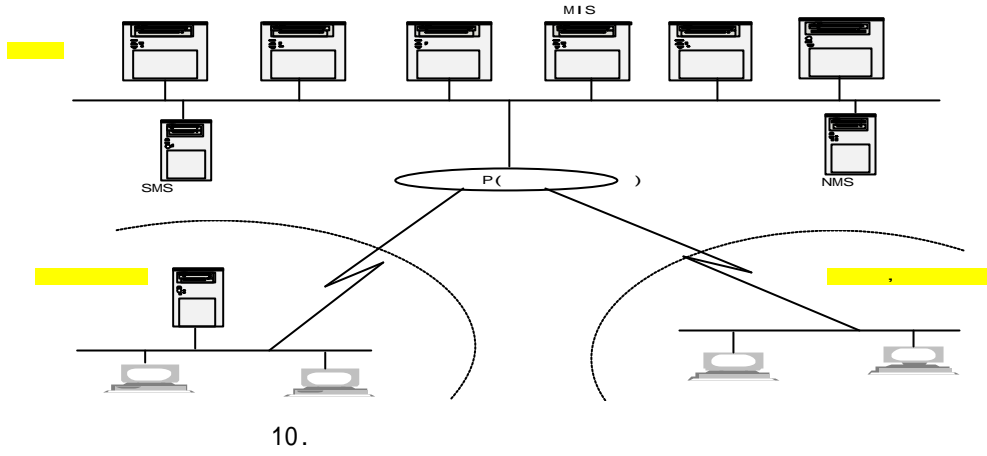
[38].

SUN ES6000 6

ES3000 4

10

PC 1700



100
 3
 가 TP
 3 /
 ,
 ,
 가
 [10].
 .
 가
 TP
 DBMS 가 , 가
 가
 TP
 3 /

3.

/

/

70

/

'97

4

6

3

/

3.1

HOST

(Process Computer)

가

가

T1 WAN

LAN

ATM,

FDDI LAN

Ethernet

[11].

IBM 9121 2 (DASD 360GB),

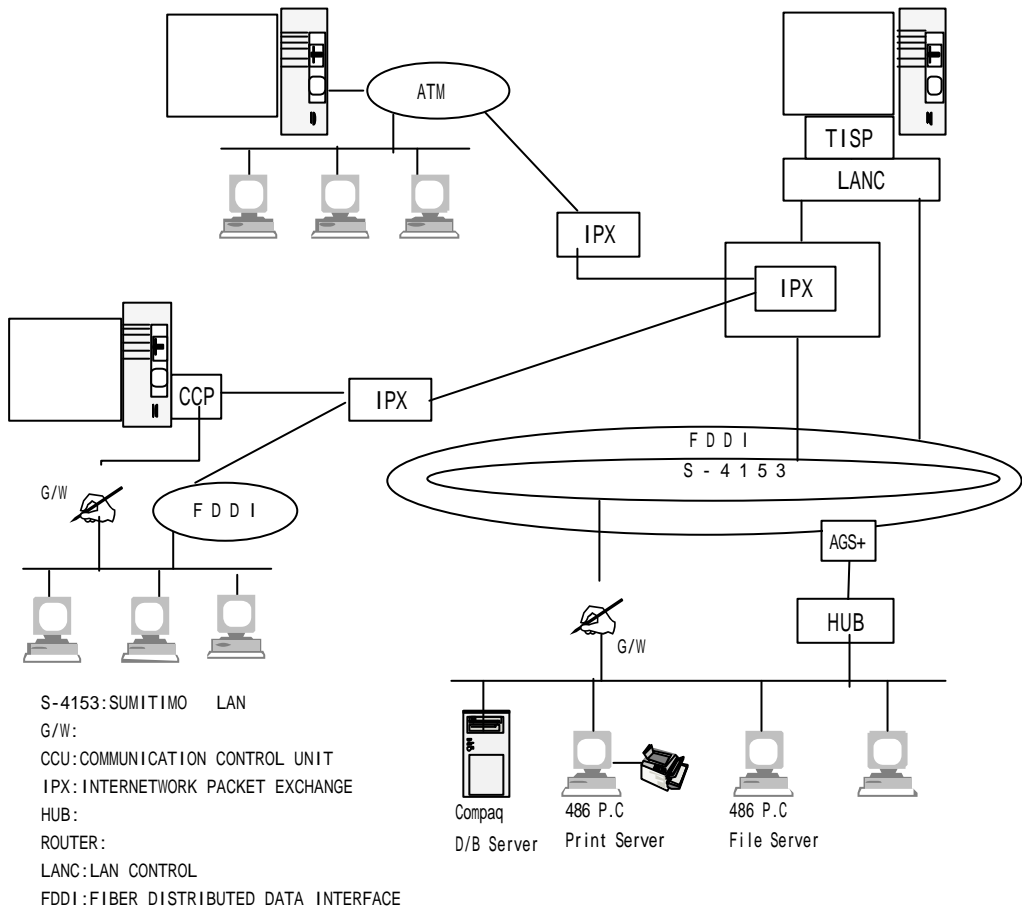
IBM 3090 1 , IBM 9021 2 (DASD 283GB), FACOM M780 4 (DASD

476GB) , UNIX, NT, OS/400, VMS

가 8000 486 PC가 .

-
-
-
-
-
-
-
-

가
 가 7500
 LAN WAN
 가 3 가
 가
 가 가



가 / 가
 /
 가 . Graphic User Interface (GUI)
 가 RDBMS 2 /
 , PC

Gateway , RDBMS Data
 SQL procedure Stored Procedure .

/ , RDBMS
 , oriented
 RDBMS .

3.2

/ 1 2 가
 90% . /
 ,
 . 2
 가 Batch 가

Embedded SQL Stored Procedure 가
 가 ,
 가 .
 (Stored Procedure)

10% 가 3

가 100

3

3.2.1 2

가
80% 3~5

가
가 100

10

가

SQL

가

/

2 가

HOST-Based

가

HOST

4~10

3.2.2

가 가
 ,
 (bottleneck) .
 ,
 가 SQL 가

3.3

2 /
 가 .
 ?
 (1 , ,) File Transfer Protocol
 (FTP) file .
 Socket 5 .
 가 Socket 가 ,
 ? 가 .
 2 DB-library ODBC 가
 , 2 3
 (SequeLink) .
 ?
 /
 가 .

가

가

/

가

, Naming , Data Dictionary

3.4

/ 가

,

,

.

3.4.1

가

/

가

가 가

가 ,

.

/

가

,

가

.

3.4.2

,

가 , MIPOS ()
 가 ,
 Tool version up conversion
 가 .

3.4.3 (Back up)

. 가
 . 가
 . Replication
 가
 가 가 ,
 CPU (Dual System)
 1 , 가 fail
 가 가 ,

3.4.4

가 / ,
 가 가 . /
 (Business logic)

·
/
·
/
·

4. 3

/

가 3

/

4.1

/

가

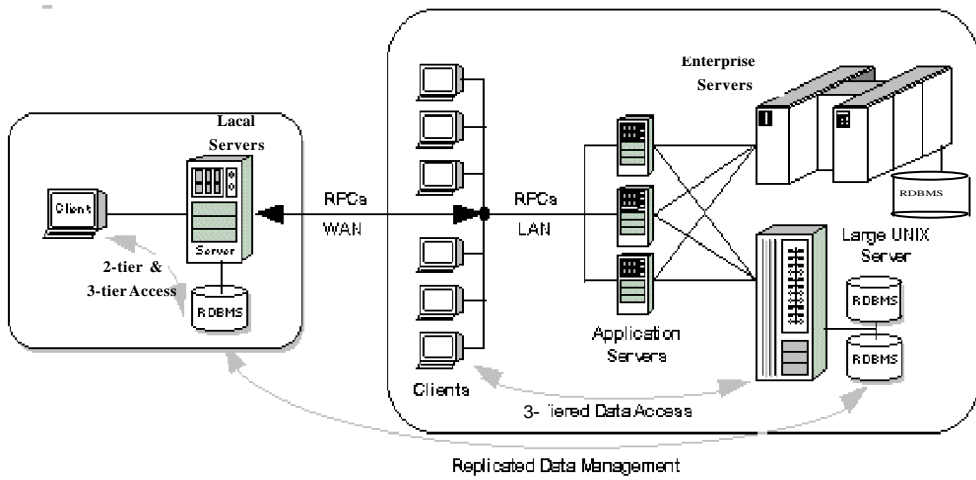
/

가

/

[12]

[9,26].



12. 3

/

가

DB

가 idle 가 .
가

50

가

DBMS

가 , 가
가

master

가 가 가 가
가 (Migration)

(firewall)

4 가 . 1 OS

(File Permission), 2

(Password), 3

(Authentication)

, 4

(Component)

[21]

가

가

가

가

4.2

/

3

/

가

/

/

가

2

Stored procedure

가

?

?

가 50GB

? 10

response time

가

? 가 100

? 가

가

? 가

? Batch , ,

가

?

? 가 50 ~ 20GB

? response time 3 ~ 10

? 가 100 ~ 500

? 가

? ,

3

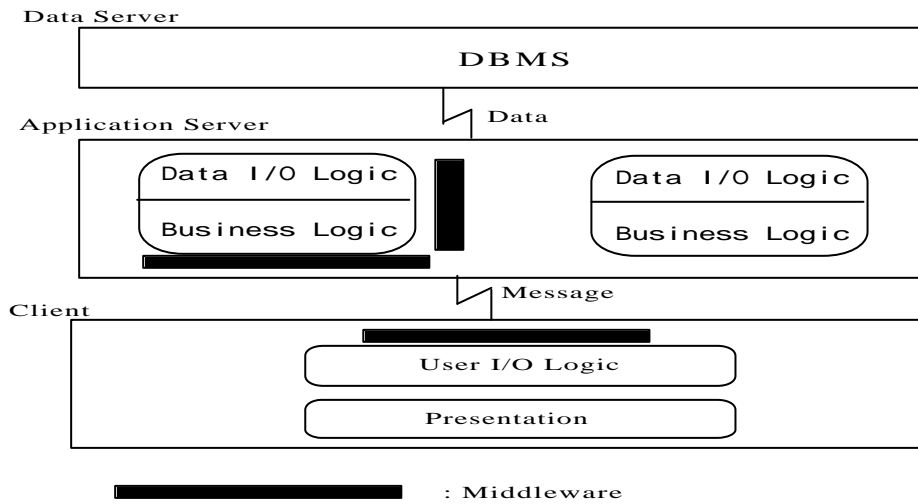
가 가

? 100,000
 ?
 ?
 ? 가 200GB
 ? response time 3
 ? 가 500
 ?
 ? 가 , 가 ,
 ? , , .

4.3

13

GUI



13.

GUI
(parameter)

call

. 2-Phase Commit protocol

Dead-Lock

Resource

가 (High Availability)

가

, On-Line

System

4.4 3

3
(maker)

가

가

Solution

Architecture . Solution Architecture /

가 , (Framework) [27].

□ .
 , .
 , 가 .
 GUI, Naming Convention, Network Protocol, Component Standard & project control standard .

□ .
 Packaged Software 가,
 가 .

□ .
 , ,
 [30]
 가 .

가 , 가,
 /

□ 2 가 3

□ , 가

□ 3

□

□

□

□

가

가

□ 가

가

가

□

□

가

□

4.5

4.5.1

3

/

가

[28].

□ 16

(3.1)

95

32

□

□ (class) (attribute)

□

□

□ CASE 가 가

4.5.2

□

, SQL
(Routing), (Replication)

□

DB 가 ,
가 RDB
Object Oriented Database (OODB)

□

(Message handling), API
가 .

□

RPC . OSF DCE

/

RPC

Naming

H/W

가

CORBA

CORBA

□

가

가

Trade-Off

가

/

/

3

5. 3

IBM, FACOM

4

3

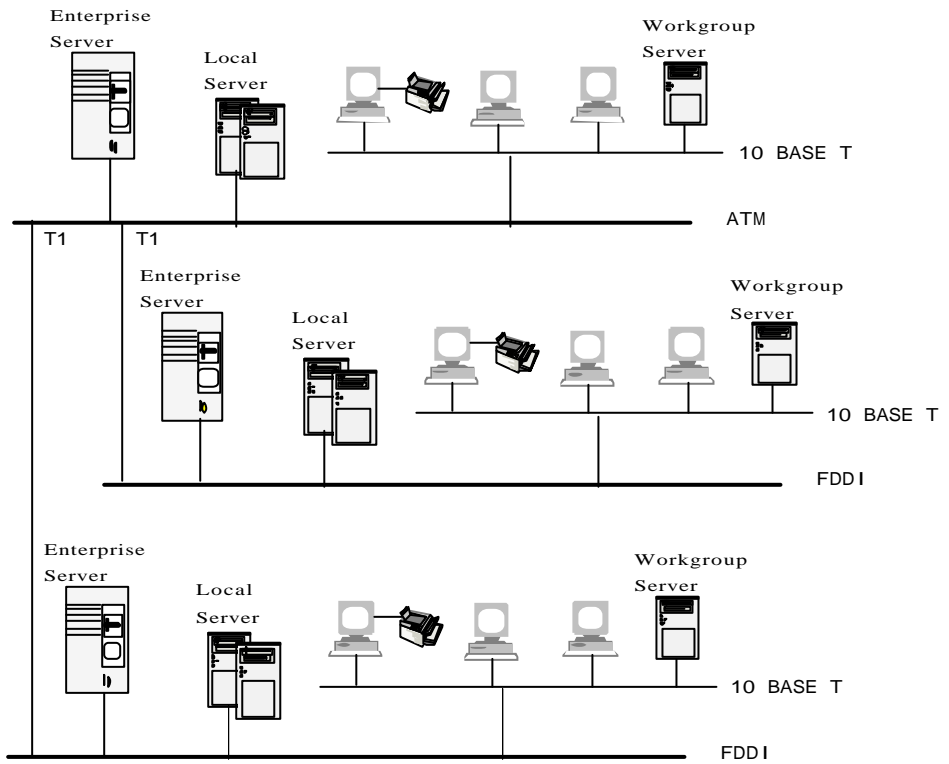
5.1

가

TCP/IP

3

[14]



14.

- 가 .
- 가 .
- Wan .
- 2 ~ 3
- [3].
- 가

		OS	DB	
Enterprise Server	IBM	MVS	250GB	
Local Server	SUN, HP	UNIX	100~250GB	
Workgroup Server	Compaq	Windows NT	100GB	
Client	PC 486	Windows 95	2GB	

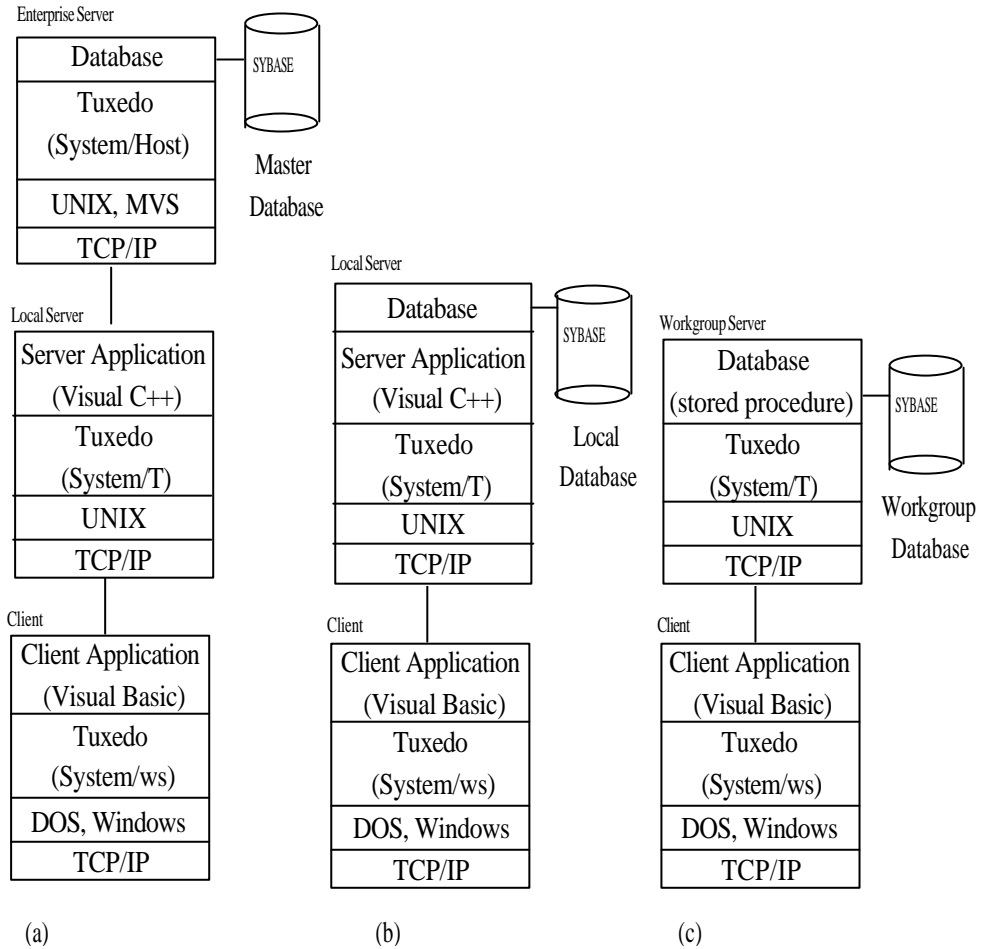
3.

- FTP
가 가
/ 가
가 ODBC DB-Library
SQL
가

- (firewall) OS 4가 , , PC
- Component C++
- Component 3.0 4.0
- 4
- 가
- 가
- 가 /

5.2

가 [15].



□ System/ws :

□ System/T :

(Name Server)

□ System/Host :

15.

가 3
가 -
가 ,
가 ,
가 ,
(, ,)
가 가
2 .
2 .
가
가
, , ,
3 /
가
3
3
가
가
가 .

6.

2 / 2 3

/ . 3 / ' 3

가 / . 3

3 /

/ 2

가 ,

가 ,

. 가 ,

가 가 .

3 / , 3

가 , 가

3 . ,

, .

가
가
가
3
가
3
Web CORBA 3

- [1] J. Won-Ki Hong, *Distributed System*, Fall, 1996.
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